## Easy Wood Plans

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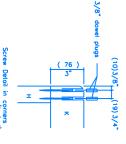
Read all directions before beginning Corpenters Give should be used to reinforce all joints Set all nails and countersink all screws

NOTICE

3) Biveprints For The Handyman shall not be liable for any willful misuse or negligent use of this plan, the Project or any loots used to construct the Project or for any loss or damage resulting therefrom." this plan (the "Plan"):
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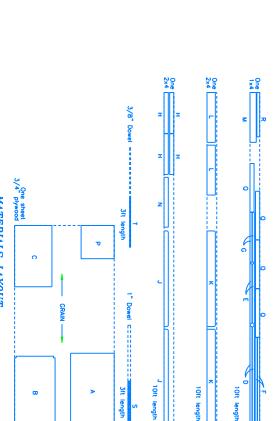


## MITER BOX

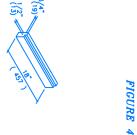


1) Lay out your material on the workbench, as outlined in the suggested material layout (Fig. 1). Draw out all parts exactly as illustrated in cutting diagram (Fig. 2), including the letter designations, in pencil. Ensure to leave a small space between cut lines to allow for the waiter of the saw. Before cutting, double check all measurements to ensure they are correct. Always cut on the waste side of the line. You can cut the robbet joint in pieces L (Fig. 3) with a tablesaw with the blade set at a 3/4 depth, or with a router. Test the depth of cut on a scrap piece of wood. The notches in piece B can be cut with either a jigsow, or a handsaw and chisel. Dry fit all notches to ensure a snug fit before gueing and noiling. Cut the miters in E and D with a miter box and handsaw.

Screw Detail in corners (typical)

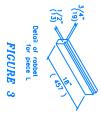


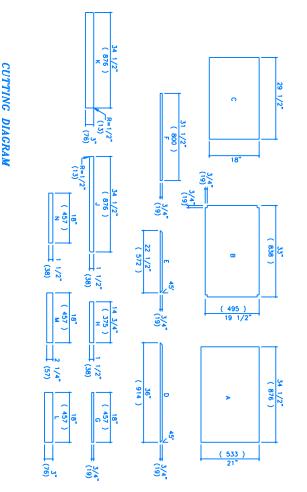
MATERIALS LAYOUT FIGURE 1



2) To make the backgammon board, draw a light line in pencil 6" from each of two edges to mark your triangle opex points. Make marks on these lines 7 1/2" in from each edge to show the locations of the middle separater. Mark the opex points on the 6" lines starting from the outside edge 5/8" in, and every 1 1/4" thereafter. Draw the triangles, the bases being 1 1/4" hick, and, with an eraser, remove any unnecessory guide lines. Point or stain the triangles light and dark, first lightly stain whole board then use a ruler and a fine point brush to ensure you do not go over the lines when staining dark areas. Similarly, draw and point or stain the chess/checker board on the opposite side of the piece, the squares are 2" wide. Loy out piece P. The bottoms of 0 and P should be flush on chessboard side of board. Set the nails and fill with wood filler. Stain or point half the divisions dark, the

2





OVER

16"

(38) T

(25)

445

Using a 1/8" drill bit, drill through pieces K and countersink these holes to a depth of 1" with a 3/8" bit as shown (Fig. 4). Glue the tops of pieces H and screw, through the holes in K, K to H with eight #8.3" flathead screws. Glue and insert eight 1" dowel lengths of 3/8" into the holes (Fig. 4). Cut off the excess dowel. Round the corners with either a jigsow, or cut off at 45" with a handsow, and sand smooth. Repeat this procedure to attach pieces J to the other ends of H, only the 3/8" countersink hole should only be 1/2" deep on bottom rails and use eight #8.3" flathead screws.

## 0 CAMES/COFFEE TABLE - Project #305

(51)

☐ (51)

3/8" 1" dio. dowel

1" (25)

(406)

**6** 

32 pieces reqd.

16 pieces reqd.

FIGURE 2